

1,2,5,6,9,10-Hexabromocyclododecane

Company Information

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Product Identification

【Product Name】

1,2,5,6,9,10-Hexabromocyclododecane

【Synonyms】

1,2,5,6,9,10-Hexabromocyclododecane

【CAS】

3194-55-6

【Formula】

C₁₂H₁₈Br₆

【Molecular Weight】

641.7000000000005

【EINECS】

221-695-9

【Beilstein/Gmelin】

1911324

Physical and Chemical Properties

【Appearance】

White to off-white powder.

【Solubility in water】

Insoluble

【Melting Point】

198 - 199

【Boiling Point】

462

【Vapor Pressure】

.0000005

【Partition Coefficient】

6.53

【Usage】

The main use for 1,2,5,6,9,10-hexabromocyclododecane is as an additive-type flame retardant for extruded and expanded polystyrene foam. Other applications include crystal and high-impact polystyrene, styrene-acrylonitrile resins, adhesives, and coatings.

First Aid Measures

【Ingestion】

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

【Inhalation】

Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. DO NOT use mouth-to-mouth respiration.

【Skin】

Get medical aid. Flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse.

【Eyes】

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Handling and Storage

【Storage】

Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

【Handling】

Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Hazards Identification

【Inhalation】

Causes respiratory tract irritation. The toxicological properties of this substance have not been fully investigated. Can produce delayed pulmonary edema.

【Skin】

Causes skin irritation.

【Eyes】

Causes eye irritation. May cause chemical conjunctivitis.

【Ingestion】

May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. The toxicological properties of this substance have not been fully investigated.

【EC Safety Phrase】

S 22 24/25

Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

【Personal Protection】

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN16

6. Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure. Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

【Respirators】

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

【Exposure Effects】

Effects may be delayed.

Fire Fighting Measures

【Fire Fighting】

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Extinguishing media: Use agent most appropriate to extinguish fire. In case of fire use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or appropriate foam.

Accidental Release Measures

【Small spills/leaks】

Clean up spills immediately, using the appropriate protective equipment. Sweep up, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Provide ventilation.

Stability and Reactivity

【Incompatibilities】

Oxidizing agents.

【Stability】

Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions.

【Decomposition】

Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide, hydrogen bromide.

【Combustion Products】

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.